

The Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences Strategic Plan (2024 2028)

The Department of Earth and Planetary Science is grateful to be able to conduct research, teach and learn in Tio'tia:ke, which is unceded land that has been cared for by the people of the Kanien'kehá:ka nation for thousands of years. As geoscientists, we honour, recognise and respect the Indigenous knowledge that contributes to our understanding of the natural world, and we strive to support and engage with Indigenous groups in Tio'tia:ke and in all places we travel for our research.

Executive Summary

The field of Earth and planetary sciences is rapidly evolving to address major global challenges around environmental change and sustainable development. At the same time, we have extraordinary new opportunities in developing renewable sources of energy, conducting interdisciplinary research in Earth system science, and employing new technologies in the study of Earth and other planets. It is therefore timely to articulate the Department's strategic plan as we seek to fulfil our mission in educating students while conducting world-class and socially relevant research. We have identified five interdisciplinary themes that bridge our research strengths with fundamental scientific questions and pressing societal needs: i) Environment and Climate Change, ii) Dynamic Earth and Geologic Hazards, iii) Earth and Life Through Time; iv) Earth Materials and Sustainability; and v) Planetary Evolution. Our research in these themes is guided by our core values, which include providing our students with opportunities to gain hands-on learning research experiences while fostering inclusivity and striving to increase diversity in our discipline. We are dedicated to actively involving indigenous and other local communities in Quebec and beyond in our research, ensuring transparency and accessibility in our work, and effectively communicating the outcomes and significance of our scientific pursuits to a broad audience. We also recognize that we have ample room for improvement, and as such, we have identified key goals to guide us in achieving our mission of conducting innovative and impactful research while simultaneously nurturing a new generation of Earth scientists. Central to these objectives is an urgent need to align our curriculum with current scientific and societal needs and attract talented students into our academic program. We will continue to integrate this program with our allied departments, Geography and Atmospheric and Ocean Sciences, while also working with them to develop the new McGill Earth System Science Institute (MESRI). Under the aegis of MESRI, we will seek a Canada Excellence Research Chair in Earth System Science and contribute to the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals. We will optimise our current laboratory and teaching spaces and adopt best practice in storing and archiving research samples, data, and code. These efforts will collectively prepare the Department of Earth and Planetary Sciences to play a central role in the McGill New Vic project, with its focus on transdisciplinary research and teaching in sustainability systems and public policy.

addresses societal challenges, including climate change and the transition to a sustainable economy. We emphasise collaboration, open discussion, critical feedback, accountability, and accessibility in conducting and disseminating our research.

Teaching and learning at McGill and beyond

archives are used to reconstruct past environmental change, while ground-based sample and data collection, sensors, and remote sensing are used to collect contemporary environmental information on topics as diverse as wetland contamination and the dynamics of ice sheets. Field specimens are analysed for heavy metal and other elemental concentrations, DNA, isotopes, and organic compounds. Numerical modelling tools are developed to simulate Earth systems. The results of our research provide historical context and current evidence for the accelerating environmental change of the Anthropocene to inform solutions for adaptation and resiliency in a rapidly changing world.

Dynamic Earth and Geologic Hazards: Understanding earthquakes, volcanoes, ice sheets and the feedbacks between the atmosphere and the oceans

We study the processes that control the cycling of elements in the Earth, including their mobilisation, fractionation, and deposition. Elements are distributed systematically among phases, which allows us to extract information on the physical and chemical conditions in the Earth from minerals, melts and fluids. We combine data acquisition with experiments, thermodynamic modelling and numerical simulations to build predictive models for the mobility of elements in the crust. This research generates fundamental knowledge about elemental behaviour in the Earth and the rocky planets, which is essential to understanding elemental cycling in subduction zones, across the magmatic-hydrothermal transition, and during ore formation. This knowledge is applied to exploring and utilising the critical metals and geothermal energy needed for the transition to a sustainable society.

***Planetary Evolution:** Understanding how planets in the solar system and beyond evolve, from the atmosphere to the core*

We study the long-term evolution of the interior, surface and atmosphere of planets. These investigations help us to understand the feedbacks that regulate planetary evolution and habitability. To interrogate processes on Earth, we rely on a combination of satellite measurements, experiments, numerical and analogue simulations, chemical analyses, and field work. Other Solar System worlds are studied via remote sensing, rovers, and chemical analyses of rocks from other terrestrial planets. We observe extrasolar planets with telescopes and compare these data to computer simulations of exoplanetary interiors and atmospheres.

Goals

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The number of incoming undergraduate students in Earth science programs is at a historic low across Canada. Through a revised curriculum and vigorous outreach and recruitment efforts, we will steadily increase our undergraduate enrollment with a goal of accepting 20 new undergraduate students per year into majors in Earth and Planetary Sciences by 2028. We will recruit students from diverse backgrounds that reflect the population of Quebec and Canada, while also valuing international perspectives in our department. Recognizing that prospective students increasingly seek interdisciplinary programs, we will attract students into EPS that have wide-ranging scientific interests. We will expand our recruitment efforts among high school and CEGEP (junior college) students and demonstrate the relevance and employability of students trained in our programs with their emphasis on heuristic learning.

To strengthen our linkages with the Departments of Geography and Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences (AOS)

Earth system science serves as a natural bridge between our three departments, presenting unique opportunities to collaborate and train students in impactful, interdisciplinary fields. We will pursue deeper integration with Geography and AOS through our academic program and by helping to develop the McGill Earth Systems Research Institute (MESRI). This institute will foster research collaboration among our three departments while raising the stature of Earth system science at McGill and positioning it at the forefront of the New Vic project, with its core focus on sustainability.

To attract a Canada Excellence Research Chair (CERC) in Earth System Science

We will use MESRI as a springboard for writing a successful CERC proposal to attract a cadre of leading scientists to McGill. The primary CERC hire and the associated hires will span EPS, Geography, and AOS, build alliances with other departments and faculties, and play a central role in the success of MESRI and its eventual move to the New Vic site.

To improve our teaching and research facilities

To make a meaningful and impactful contribution to the UN Sustainable Development Goals

We aim to deliver data, tools and models to investigate and develop mitigation strategies for the grand challenges that we face as a society. These challenges include the need to protect our natural environment (SDGs 14 and 15) while providing the critical resources for the transition to a carbon-neutral economy (SDG 7), the importance of combating climate change, ocean acidification and sea level rise (SDG 13), and the urgency of transitioning to a sustainable society (SDG 12). We commit to disseminating the results of our research widely to inform society so that it can make and support the policy decisions and teach the skills needed to address these development goals. We will incorporate this vision into our teaching such that our students become future leaders in the effort to realise the UN Sustainable Development Goals.

To streamline accessibility of our research methods and output

As publicly supported scientists, we have an obligation to make our research results freely accessible to other researchers and the public at large. This duty extends beyond open access publication to include archiving our data and computer code in accessible and searchable public databases. Furthermore, much of our data derive from samples collected in the field or generated through experiments, commonly obtained at a high cost. We are committed to implement best practice protocols (FAIR) for sustainably archiving and storing these samples such that they are linked to open access databases and can be accessed by other researchers, therefore enhancing transparency and reducing feature costs and environmental impact associated with collecting and generating samples.